Consultants Update COVID-19

Marilyn Dempsey DHS/EPA/OSHA Consultant Gases & Welding Distributors Association April 15,2020



GAWDA Consultant's Forum Webinar

Discussion Topics

- → CDC Exposure and OSHA recording
- → Cylinder Cleaning
- → CISA Cyber threats
- → Natural Disasters
- → CISA CO2 Shortage



OSHA Recording for COVID-19

Enforcement Guidance for Recording Cases of Coronavirus Disease 2019

OSHA's Form 300 (Rev. 01/2004) Log of Work-Related Injuries and Illness^{for occupational safety and health purposes.}

Attention: This form contains information relating to employee health and must be used in a manner that protects the confidentiality of employees to the extent possible while the information is being used

City

U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Form approved OMB no. 1218-0176

Year

State

You must record information about every work-related injury or illness that involves loss of consciousness, restricted work activity or job transfer, days away from work, or medical treatment beyond first aid. You must also record significant work-related injuries and illnesses that are diagnosed by a physician or licensed health care professional. You must also record work-related injuries and illnesses that meet any of the specific recording criteria listed in 29 CFR 1904.8 through 1904.12. Feel free to use two lines for a single case if you need to. You must complete an injury and illness incident report (OSHA Form 301) or equivalent form for each injury or illness recorded on this form. If you're not sure whether a case is recordable, call your local OSHA office for help.

Establishment name

Identify the person Describe the case						Classify the case											
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	CHECK ONLY ONE box for each case based on			Enter the number of days the injured or ill worker		Check the "injury" column o				n or ch	ose one type of	
Case	Employee's Name	Job Title (e.g.,	Date of	Where the event occurred	Describe injury or illness, parts of body	the most serious outcome for that case:				was:	illness:					use one type of	
No.		Welder)	injury or	(e.g. Loading dock north end)	affected, and object/substance that						(M)		-		Г	- 8	
			onset of		directly injured or made person ill (e.g. Second degree burns on right forearm	Death	Days away	Densis		From Work (day	On job	. ,	Skin Disorder	Respiratory Condition	Poisoning	Hearing Loss	All other illnes
			(mo./day)		from acetylene torch)	Death	from work	Remaine	ed at work		transfer or restriction (days)	Injury					
									Other record-								
								or restriction	able cases	(days)		Ē	ð	နူဂ္ဂ	2	Ξ	<u>ح</u>
						(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
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CDC posters for Essential Employees

SA-35 Alternative Cleaning

During the COVID-19 crisis, consideration may be given to the use of

- soap/water solutions to clean,
- or a dilute bleach/water solution followed by a clean water rinse

to disinfect returned containers that may not have been properly cleaned and decontaminated.

IF isopropyl alcohol (IPA) or other flammable disinfectants are used as a spray application to disinfect containers, great care must be taken to ensure that there is no residual left in the valve outlet prior to the cylinder being refilled.

Such consideration should carefully weigh immediate cleaning concerns against possible longer-term effects on the container and the valve.





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CISA

CYBER+INFRASTRUCTURE

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Natural Disasters and..









Emergency Preparedness

- Chain of Command
- Evacuation
- **Fire**
- Cylinder leaks / Cryogenic Spills
- High Wind / Tornado / Hurricane
- Snow Storm / Floods
- Earthquake
- Injury
- Bomb Threat



Carbon Dioxide Shortage

Industry Coalition Sends Letter to U.S. Vice President Warning of Risk of Carbon Dioxide Shortage





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